## GOGG GOTEME

		<b>Special</b> 90			21IDT19	
USN				Question P	aper Version : D	
Fire	t Semester R A	rch /R Plannin	g Degree F	Evaminatio	on, Jan./Feb. 2023	
1.11.3		novation and	- 4 9		171/24	
		COMMON TO	A THE REAL PROPERTY AND A PARTY AND A PART		(A)	
Time:	1 hrs.]			of the	[Max. Marks: 50	
	•			Carry		
		INSTRUCTION	S TO THE	CANDIDA	TES	
		4 4 4		~ "		
1.	Answer all the fit	fty questions, each	question carr	ies one mark		
2.	Use only Black b	<b>all point pen</b> for w	riting / darke	ening the circ	les.	
3.	For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle					
	corresponding to	o the same questio	n number or	the OMR s	heet.	
4.	Darkening two ci	rcles for the same of	question make	es the answer	invalid.	
5.	Damaging/overy	vriting, using wh	niteners on	the OMR	sheets are strictly	
	prohibited.		A.		Appendix.	
1.	Which is not a true	about customer strat	tegy?		67	
	a) It address the ne		May 0		<i>*</i>	
	b) It learns exact	ly who the audience	e is their need	ds, known an	d unknown and their	
		ure experience a busi	ness aspires to	deliver to its	customers	
	d) None of these		· ·	J. #		
2.	Opposite of innova	ation is called		.m. came		
۷.	a) Ideate	b) Empathy	c) Protot	ype	d) Exnovation	
3.	Emotional innovat	ion is on	1			
3.	a) Business and Te		b) Busin	ess and people	2	
(	c) Technology and		d) All of			
4.	Following establis	hment of a dominant	design in the	product life	vele what would you	
4.	Following establishment of a dominant design in the product life cycle, what would you expect to happen					
	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	oduct innovation rath	er than proces	s innovation		
		ocess innovation rath				
		increase as new firms				
	a) Competition to	decrease as more firm	is exit than en	ter the industr	У	
5.	Which of the follow	wing are valuable in	a standards wa	ır?		

a) Competitive advantage
b) Late mover advantages
c) Early mover advantage
d) Technological advantage

		Car at					
6.	What potential advantages can be gained factivities?	a b					
	a) Local subsidiaries offer financial advanta	- 1800 B	and labour costs.				
	b) Local subsidiaries offer access to local c						
	c) Local subsidiaries offer access to technic	al knowledge and skills					
	d) Local subsidiaries offer financial advant technical knowledge and skills	ages as well as access to	local markets,				
	A. The second of						
7.		Outsourcing of innovation globally is more likely where					
	a) Innovations are autonomous						
	b) Innovations are systemic	Ser. A					
	c) Innovations are systemic or autonomous	c 4					
	d) Innovations are made by service sector	nrms					
8.	Which of the following are not tools of des	ion thinking?					
٠.	a) Cocreation	b) Prototype					
	c) Mind mapping	d) Online marketing					
	7,						
9.	User persons are created during which phase	se of design process.					
	a) Design stage	b) Discover stage					
	c) Develop stage	d) None of these					
10	The ultimate and of design thinks like to be	ala van dagian battan					
10.	The ultimate goal of design thinking is to h	b) Products	1				
	a) Services c) Experiences	d) All of these	Approval.				
	c) Experiences	d) An of these					
11.	Who or what is at the center of the design t	hinking model?	59"				
	a) The concept of innovation	b) The customer	Alp				
	c) The company	d) The product					
1002		7					
12.	a) By analyzing consumer complaints and responding						
	b) By building a product and hoping customer like it c) By marketing to customers in a way they can't refuse d) By determining what they want and then building it						
	d) By determining what they want and ther	ounding it					
13.	Design thinking is,						
	a) Thing about design	**************************************					
4	b) Designing ways in which people think						
	c) Asking users to solve problems						
	d) Defining, framing and solving problems	from users perspectives					
14.	What are the steps of design thinking proce	ess?					
	a) Understand $\rightarrow$ Draw $\rightarrow$ Ideate $\rightarrow$ Create $\rightarrow$ Test						
b) Empathise $\rightarrow$ Define $\rightarrow$ Ideate $\rightarrow$ Prototype $\rightarrow$ Test							
	c) Empathise → Design → Implement → Produce → Test d) Understand → Define → Ideate → Produce → Try						
	The second secon		A-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1				
15.	You would interview people to gain an unc	lerstanding of how they	teel during the				
	stage of design.	a) Ideata	d) Emmathia				
	a) Test b) Define	c) Ideate	d) Empathise				
	Version D	- Page 2 of 6					

16.	Collectingdesign thinking.	rpe in the test stage of				
	a) Pictures	b) Money	c) Feedback	d) E-mails		
17.	Which of the blow fir	rm is associated the m	ost with design thinking	? 4		
	a) Ikea	b) Ideo	c) Idea	d) Ikei		
		6		Spatist 1		
18.	Which of these are no	ot components of mind	l map?	A STATE OF THE STA		
	a) Branches	4 19	b) Arrows			
	c) Central Idea		d) All of these are co	mponents		
19.	Which of the following	ng are not tools of visu	ualization?			
	a) Maps	b) Images	c) Stories	d) Videos		
12027	20 10 20 20		A Common of the			
20.	그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그	ost compelling type of	Sec. 15			
	a) Aural	b) Visual	c) Textural	d) All of these		
21	Unman contrib document	n was reinterpreted as	call to man			
21.	a) Hear, Create, Deli		air actonym to mean			
	b) Hear, Create, Desi		Na of P			
	c) Hold, Create, Deli					
	d) Hear, Compile, D					
	u) Hear, Compile, D	enver				
22.	POC stands for	4	A 4.7	day		
	a) Post of idea	4. *	b) Proof of concept	Almonto i		
	c) Problem of conce	ot -	d) None of these	Supply "		
	7	(a) *	A A			
23.	Which challenges solve design thinking influences strategies for innovation?					
	a) Human centric	. i	. 7	1031		
	b) Empathy building	process				
	c) Financial planning		· ·			
	d) Data analytics		April 1990			
•	Appendix .		COR			
24.	C. Million V		w			
	a) Nothing to do with		1 "			
	b) Nothing to do with architectural design					
	c) Very little to do with UI and UX design d) Everything to do with products that succeed					
f <sub>id</sub>	a) Everything to do	with products that succ	ceed			
25.	The goal of the proto	type phase is				
20.	a) To understand what components of your idea didn't work					
	b) To understand what components of your idea work					
	c) Both of them	ar components or your	idea work	©		
	d) None of them	Albarra				
	a) mone or mone	CAY				
26.	MVP stands for	The same of the sa				
	a) most viable produc	at <sup>#</sup>	b) maximum viable pr	roduct		
	c) minimum viable p		d) none of these	9		
27.	Design thinking follo	ws				
	a) Waterfall model		b) Agile methodology			
	c) Both of these		d) None of these			
	fi william					

Version D – Page 3 of 6

28.	BPM stands for a) Building Product Management b) Business Product Management	
	c) Business Process Management d) Basic Product Management	
29.	Which of the following sequences is correct a) Define → Design → Develop → Test → b) Define → Develop → Design → Test → c) Define → Design → Develop → Deploy d) Design → Define → Develop → Test →	Deploy Deploy → Test
30.	What is the key in any design thinking proca) Empathy c) Designing the solution	2. *
31.	d'	g aid manufacturer, it is situated in Denmark
	c) Danish Indo	d) Forbes Global
32.	Which is not features of Otigon?  a) New working style b) Fresh and simple perspective c) Lack of respect d) None of these	
33.	Which innovation is about improving the exa) Radical innovation c) Architecture innovation	b) Disruptive innovation d) Incremental innovation
34.	According to IEEE report, business fail bec	
	a) Badly defined requirements c) Poor communication	b) Stockholders politics d) All of these
35.	Which is not a good interview strategy for tally a lencourage the person to talk about expension b. Encourage short answers that get right to c. Ask follow up questions to get more info d. Try to uncover needs people may or may	iences the point rmation
36.	is an analysis of persons, grinstitutions or other systems that are studied a) Literature study c) Co creation	roups, events, decisions, periods, policies, holistically by one or more methods.  b) Case study d) Prototyping
37.	The purpose of MVP is not a) be able to test a product hypothesis with a b) Accelerate learning c) Reduce wasted engineering hours	
	d) Got the product to early austomers as soc	n ac noccible

Version D - Page 4 of 6

38.	Rashmi is creating a new product for Architectural college students. She takes a design thinking approach. Her first step is, addressing who she is creating the product for? An conducts research on understanding this target market. What is this step in the design thinking process?					
	a) Define	b) Ideate	c) Empathise	d) Prototype		
39.	Frank Robinson defin	ned and coined the te	rm	(m <sup>9</sup> )		
	a) Design thinking	b) Mind mapping	c) MVP	d) Hypothesis		
40.	was IDEO	's first expression of	design thinning.	Saming-		
*	a) Deep-Design	b) Deep-Dive	c) Deep-Structure	d) Study-Dive		
41.				main users of the website		
	Which one of the below elements should definitely be on the website?					
	a) College rules and		b) Information on	faculty members		
	c) Information about	courses	d) Alumni details			
42.	Which of the follow solution?	ing well known con	sulting firms are offe	ering design thinking as a		
	a) McKinsey & Co	b) BCG	c) Bain & Co.	d) All of these		
43.	To ideate is,		The state of the s			
	a) To rapidly change		100	1		
	b) When you create a			Attende		
			eas where you use ima	ages and sketches instead		
	of words to describ		ck create on initial de	esign, share the design and		
	its rate.	#	CK, Create on initial de	sign, share the design and		
	ATTEND		· 2 G	, T		
44.	- A	orative design philos				
	a) Henry Ford		b) Henry Ford and	Steve Jobs		
	c) Steve Jobs	Change Control of the	d) None of these			
45.		business can use thei		in the process, change the ocial good was mission of		
	b) Jocelyn Wyatt and		Cuts			
C	c) Steve Jobs and Joo		400			
160	d) Henry Ford and P					
	4.	-dimmile				
46.	Which of the below i	1997	to atmata are			
	a) Pepsi Co has turne		d profitable using desi	an thinking		
	c) Google has 3 step			gir tilliking		
	d) All of these					
	*****	4				
47.	Which of the followi		C 1	('a' 1 a' a'		
	a) Design sensibilities area combination of design features, qualities and aesthetics					
	<ul><li>b) Empathy is to see no evil, hear no evil and speak no evil</li><li>c) Design sensibilities are complex feelings such as amenity, pleasantness, comfort,</li></ul>					
	pleasure, etc	are complex recini	be such as amenity, pr	- Louising Controlly		
	d) Both a and b	3903				
	Total Williams	Version	D – Page 5 of 6			

			C				
48.	Value chain analysis examines	how a	n organization	interacts	with va	alue	chain
	partnersto new offerings.		A . V				
	a) Produce		b) Market				
	c) Distribute		d) All of these	,			
			A Sale				202 00
49.	is used with the objective	of ident	ifying needs tha	t customer	s are ofte	n una	ble to
	articulate.	-	3				
	a) Mind mapping	13-	b) Experience				
	c) Story telling	AJ	d) Rapid conc	ept develop	pment		
		C V		Carry			
50.	A hypothesis is	J.					
	a) A wished for result that the rese				1		
	b) A complicated set of sentences t	nat pulls	variables into p	proposea co	omplex		
	relationships	- 5.544.576.1835.5631e-3	Con?			1	
	c) A conjecture that is grounded in	support	background original	ginating fro	om secon	dary	
	research		4				
	d) None of these		Account.				
		* * *	7				
			The second second				
		1					
	the state of the s	Appropries		and P			
					1. 1.		
		**		p	America		-
			A No.				
			Me &				
		4	A. Y	ALCOHOL:			
			. V	COM			
	Cata	79	,	Was I			
4.1			4	d <sup>a</sup>			
			Appropria				
	April 1	7	GAY				
	GOV OV		A -				
			1				
	\ '\ \\		April 1980				
,15	The state of the s	4					
Hes		19	*				
		Accessed to					
		C. C					
	and the second						
	Car						
							100
	χ. #						
	. House of the second						

Version D - Page 6 of 6